FLIGHT SUMMARY REPORT

Flight #:

90-139

Date:

31 August 1990

Sensor Package:

Wild-Heerbrug RC-10 Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS)

Area(s) Covered:

Manhattan, Kansas

Investigator(s): Wessman, University of Colorado

Aircraft #:

706

Flight Request: 90U234

Julian Date: 243

SENSOR DATA

Accession #:

04103

Sensor ID #:

036

099

Sensor Type:

RC-10

AVIRIS

Focal Length:

153.19 mm

Film Type:

High Definition Aerochrome IR

SO-131

Filtration:

cc.30B

Spectral Band:

510-900 nm

f Stop:

Shutter Speed:

1/100

of Frames:

19

% Overlap:

60

Quality:

Excellent

Remarks:

Airborne Science and Applications Program

The Airborne Science and Applications Program (ASAP) is supported by three ER-2 high altitude Earth Resources Survey aircraft. These aircraft are operated by the High Altitude Missions Branch at NASA-Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California. The ER-2s are used as readily deployable high altitude sensor platforms to collect remote sensing and in situ data on earth resources, celestial phenomena, atmospheric dynamics, and oceanic processes. Additionally, these aircraft are used for electronic sensor research and development and satellite investigative support.

The ER-2s are flown from various deployment sites in support of scientific research sponsored by NASA and other federal, state, university, and industry investigators. Data are collected from deployment sites in Kansas, Texas, Virginia, Florida, and Alaska. Cooperative international scientific projects have deployed the aircraft to sites in Great Britain, Australia, Chile, and Norway.

Photographic and digital imaging sensors are flown aboard the ER-2s in support of research objectives defined by the sponsoring investigators. High resolution mapping cameras and digital multispectral imaging sensors are utilized in a variety of configurations in the ER-2s' four pressurized experiment compartments. The following provides a description of the digital multispectral sensor used for data collection during this flight.

Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer

The Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS) is the second in the series of imaging spectrometer instruments developed at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) for earth remote sensing. This instrument uses scanning optics and four spectrometers to image a 614 pixel swath simultaneously in 224 contiguous spectral bands $(0.4-2.4 \ \mu m)$.

AVIRIS parameters are as follows:

Spectrometer	Wavelength Range	Number of Bands	Sampling Interval
1	0.41 - 0.70 μm	31	9.4 nm
2	0.68 - 1.27 μm	63	9.4 nm
3	1.25 - 1.86 μm	63	9.7 nm
4	1.84 - 2.45 μm	63	9.7 nm

All AVIRIS data is decommutated and archived at JPL and not currently available for public distribution. For further information contact Rob Greene at Jet Propulsion Laboratory, 4800 Oak Grove Drive, Mail Stop 11-116, Pasadena, California 91109-8099.

CAMERA FLIGHT LINE DATA FLIGHT NO. 90-139

Accession # 04103

Sensor # 036

Cloud Cover/Remarks
200
feet/meters
START END
START
ST
lumbers
Numbers
4
Points



